

**2022/TDC/ODD/SEM/
POLGE-501T/194**

TDC (CBCS) Odd Semester Exam., 2022

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(5th Semester)

Course No. : POLGE-501T

(Introduction to Political Theory)

Full Marks : 70

Pass Marks : 28

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

UNIT—I

**1. Answer any four questions from the
following : $1 \times 4 = 4$**

- (a) Who is the author of *The Republic*?**
- (b) Who defined politics as the 'science of power'?**
- (c) "The science of politics begins with Aristotle." Who said this?**

(2)

(d) Who defined political theory as 'political science and political philosophy'?

(e) Which theory regards politics as 'a struggle for power between classes'?

2. (a) What is the modern meaning of politics? 2

Or

(b) Write any two differences between normative political theory and modern political theory.

3. (a) What is political science? What is its scope? 3+5=8

Or

(b) What is political theory? Discuss the relevance of political theory. 3+5=8

UNIT—II

4. Answer any four from the following as directed : 1×4=4

(a) Which country has direct democracy?

(b) What is the origin of the word, 'liberty'?

(c) Which type of equality is emphasized by the liberals?

J23/431

(Continued)

(3)

(d) Write Plato's definition of justice.

(e) John Rawls is a proponent of distributive justice.

(Write True or False)

5. (a) Mention two advantages of democracy. 2

Or

(b) Mention two safeguards of liberty.

6. (a) Define liberty. Explain J. S. Mill's views on liberty. 3+5=8

Or

(b) Write an estimate of John Rawls' theory of justice. 8

UNIT—III

7. Answer any four questions from the following : 1×4=4

(a) What is the source of the Latin word, 'citizen'?

(b) Who defined justice as 'full and equal membership in a political community'?

(c) "Every State is known by the rights it maintains." Who said this?

J23/431

(Turn Over)

(4)

- (d) Who defined the State as 'a people organized for law within a definite territory'?
- (e) Who wrote *State and Civil Society*?
8. (a) What is global citizenship? 2
Or
(b) Why is sovereignty the most important element of the State?
9. (a) What do you mean by human rights? Write a note on the Universal Declaration of Human rights? 2+6=8
Or
(b) Explain briefly the role of civil society. 8

UNIT—IV

10. Answer any four questions from the following : 1×4=4
- (a) What is censorship?
- (b) Who wrote, *The Argumentative Indian*?
- (c) Who established 'controlled democracy' in Pakistan?
- (d) Name Salman Rushdie's book that was banned in India.
- (e) Who remarked about the former USSR that it was 'a country behind an iron curtain'?

J23/431

(Continued)

(5)

11. (a) Mention any two types of censorship. 2
Or
(b) What is the difference between economic growth and economic development?
12. (a) What is democratic model of development? Give arguments for and against the democratic model. 2+(3+3)=8
Or
(b) On what grounds can censorship be justified? What are the limitations of censorship? 5+3=8

UNIT—V

13. Answer any four questions from the following : 1×4=4
- (a) In which year was the Mandal Commission appointed?
- (b) Which declaration describes the family as 'the natural and fundamental group unit of society'?
- (c) Which US President claimed that 'there is no finer feeling of individual character than the family'?

J23/431

(Turn Over)

(d) When was the Dowry Prohibition Act passed in India?

(e) In which year did the Government of India extend protective discrimination benefits to the OBC?

14. (a) What is meant by principles of fairness? 2

Or

(b) Mention any two areas where the State cannot be intervene in the family.

15. (a) What is protective discrimination? Does protective discrimination violate the principles of fairness? 3+5=8

Or

(b) What is family? Should the State intervene in family affairs? Give reasons in support of your answer. 3+5=8
